Arm & shoulder exercises: A guide for people who have had breast cancer surgery is reviewed approximately every three years.

First published September 2014. This edition July 2018. © Cancer Council Australia 2018.

Acknowledgements

This edition has been developed by Cancer Council NSW on behalf of all other state and territory Cancer Councils as part of a National Cancer Information Working Group initiative.

We thank the reviewers of this poster: Jane Turner, Accredited Exercise Physiologist, Sydney Survivorship Centre, Concord Hospital, NSW; Chris Jellies, Director, Domain Health, VIC; Marney Jury, Physiotherapist, Domain Health, VIC; Mary Shearer, The Breast and Endocrine Centre, Newcastle, NSW.

We would like to thank Cancer Council SA for kindly permitting its booklet *Breast cancer surgery: information for women having breast cancer surgery* to be used as source material for this resource, including the use of the exercise illustrations.

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This poster is funded through the generosity of the people of Australia.

Note to reader

Always consult your doctor about matters that affect your health. This poster is intended as a general introduction to the topic and should not be seen as a substitute for medical, legal or financial advice. You should obtain independent advice relevant to your specific situation from appropriate professionals, and you may wish to discuss issues raised in this book with them.

All care is taken to ensure that the information in this poster is accurate at the time of publication. Please note that information on cancer, including the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of cancer, is constantly being updated and revised by medical professionals and the research community. Cancer Council Australia and its members exclude all liability for any injury, loss or damage incurred by use of or reliance on the information provided in this poster.



For information and support on cancer-related issues, call Cancer Council **13 11 20**. This is a confidential service.

JUL 2018 CAN4577



Arm & shoulder exercises after surgery

A guide for people who have had breast cancer surgery

Arm & shoulder exercises after breast cancer surgery

This poster describes how to perform arm and shoulder exercises after surgery for breast cancer. The exercises aim to gradually improve the movement of your arm and shoulder and help get you back to your usual activities.

Getting started

Talk to your doctor, breast care nurse, nurse, physiotherapist or exercise physiologist before starting the exercises illustrated in this poster.

The timelines suggested are a guide only and the time that is right for you will vary – your health care team will let you know which exercises to do and when to do them. Level one exercises can be started the day after surgery. You can usually use your affected arm normally, up to shoulder height, for light activities from the day after your surgery.

Level two exercises can be started after the drains have been removed or when your health care professionals say you can move your shoulder.

Level one exercises

These gentle exercises increase your ability to move your arm and shoulder and improve circulation.

Level one exercises can be done while lying on a bed or sitting in a chair. When you are not doing the exercises you may find it comfortable to rest your arm on a pillow.

Level two exercises

These exercises help make your arm stronger and ease the tightness in your chest and shoulder muscles. All can be done lying down, sitting in These exercises are illustrated on the reverse of this page.

- Shoulder rolls
- B Elbow stretch
- C Wrist exercise
- Hand squeeze

These exercises are illustrated on the reverse of this page.

These exercises should not cause pain. Let your doctor or breast care nurse know if you experience any pain or discomfort. a chair or standing up, except for the wall crawl (exercise I), which works best standing up.

Use your arm for combing your hair, getting dressed, putting on make-up and reaching for light objects – it will improve your arm movements. Arm lift
Hands on head
Hands behind neck
Wall crawl

With these exercises, you should regain most arm and shoulder movement and function one month after the operation. If improvement is slow, or if you have trouble doing the exercises, your doctor, physiotherapist or exercise physiologist can give you different exercises to try.

Talk to your doctor about when it is safe for you to begin other types of exercise, such as aerobic and strength-training exercises. A physiotherapist or exercise physiologist can then help you develop an individual exercise program. For a free copy of Cancer Council's *Exercise for People Living with Cancer* booklet, call **13 11 20** or visit your local Cancer Council website.



Level two exercises





Arm stretch

Clasp your hands together in front of your chest, keeping your elbows in. Using your strong arm to help, stretch both arms until your elbows are straight out in front at shoulder height then return to your chest. Pull your shoulderblades back as you pull back your elbows.



Hands on head

Take your hands, still clasped together, to the top of your head. Slowly and gently bring your elbows together and then stretch your elbows backwards.

Be aware of pulling your shoulders back but don't poke



Arm lift

Keep pushing your hands together so that they support each other as you lift your arms over your head. Lower your hands back towards your hips.

The movement should be continuous. Aim to reach your hands above your head within your comfort level. This will be easier to control if you start this exercise lying down.

Hands behind neck

With your head upright and hands clasped behind your neck, stretch your elbows backwards. Hold for 5–10 seconds to stretch the muscles on your chest wall. Try not to bend your upper body while doing this exercise.

You can rest in this position, but

your neck forward. At first this exercise will be easier if you lie down. Hold for 5–10 seconds.



keep your arms well supported so that the chest muscles can let go. This exercise will help stretch scar tissue and assist with arm drainage.

Wall crawl

Stand facing the wall with your toes about 20–25 cm from the wall. Place both hands on the wall at elbow height. Use your fingers to pull your hands up the wall, going as far as you can.

Slowly slide your hands back down the wall and relax. You may want to mark how high you can reach.

Gradually build up to doing each exercise 10 times 4 times a day

